## Specialist Subject Vocabulary-Maths

## Negative

A number less than zero.

| Negative |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A number less than zero. | Positive |
| A number greater than |  |
| zero. |  |

## Parallel

(lines) side by side, always the same distance apart and never meeting.

Prefix: para- beside but not part of


| Prism |
| :---: |
| A solid shape that has |
| identical planes at each |
| end linked by |
| parallelograms, such as a |
| cylinder or a cuboid. |
|  |

## Sphere

A round solid object with no vertices; ball shaped.

## Formula

A maths equation shown in letters or numbers.

## Angle

The space between two joining lines, usually measured in degrees.

## Probability

The likelihood of something happening; shown by the ratio of actual happenings to possible happenings.

Suffix: able- can be done; itystate of

Root word: prove

## Challenge Vocabulary-Maths

## Identity

An identity is an equation that is true for all values of the variables.

Suffix: ity- state of

## Relative

Relative numbers or values are dependent on other numbers.

In other words, they are relative to other (absolute) numbers.

## Equation

A mathematical sentence using algebra, where both sides of the sentence are equal.

Prefix: Equ- equal
Suffix: tion- act, process or result

## Reciprocal

A pair of numbers which make 1 when multiplied together

## Frequency

The number of times a value occurs in a list of data.

Suffix: ency- state, quality
Root word: frequent

## Isosceles

A triangle with two equal sides and two equal angles.

Prefix: iso-equal

## Vertex

Any corner point where two lines meet in a 2D or 3D shape.

## Perpendicular

At 90 degrees to a surface, especially a horizontal surface.

Prefix: Per- through, thoroughly

Suffix: ar- to do with
Root word: pend-hang

## Vertices

Plural of vertex; corners, angles.

## Trapezium

A shape with one pair of parallel lines of different lengths.

